

History in EYFS			
Birth to three – babies, toddlers and young children will be learning to:	Understanding the World		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Explore natural materials, indoors and outside. Explore and respond to different natural phenomena in their setting and on trips.
Three and Four-Year-Olds will be learning to:	Understanding the World		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Begin to make sense of their own life-story and family's history.
Children in Reception will be learning to:	Understanding the World		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Comment on images of familiar situations in the past. Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past. <p>Talks about past and present events in their own life and in the lives of family members</p>
ELG	Understanding the World	Past and Present	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Talk about the lives of people around them and their roles in society. Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.

Historical Knowledge: Constructing the past					
<p>KS1: Study knowledge of and can recall information and characteristic features of historical periods</p> <p>LKS2: Develop knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history. Establish clear narratives within and across the periods they study. Understand overview and depth.</p> <p>UKS2: Establish clear narratives within and across the periods they study. Note connections, contrasts and trends over time. Combine overview and depth studies to help pupils understand both the long arc of development and the complexity of specific aspects of the content.</p>					
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Can recall some of the key events and people associated with themes studied within family, local, national and global history.	Can confidently and accurately retell the story of events, etc. associated with themes studied with family, local, national and global history.	Can identify some details from within and across several themes, societies, events and significant people covered in local, national and global history.	Can identify a range of details from within and across local, national and global history, to demonstrate some overall awareness of themes, societies, events and people. Will begin to make some references to other societies, but their reasoning may be undeveloped.	Can understand some features associated with themes, societies, people and events. Will be able to make some reference to and identify links with other societies studied.	Can provide overviews of the most significant features of different themes, individuals, societies and events covered. Will begin to make links and group them into themes, e.g. social, cultural. Will be able to make links with themes in other societies studied.

Historical Knowledge: Sequencing the past

KS1: Know where people and events fit within a chronological framework. Develop awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time. Develop awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time.

KS2: Develop chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history.

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Can depict on a timeline the sequence of a few objects or images and/or pieces of information related to a topic, e.g. events related to a family life in the past in correct order. Begin to use a range of common words relating to the passage	Can sequence on an annotated timeline independently and with some confidence a number of objects or events related to an aspect of a topic studied. Begin to explain why they have placed the items in this sequence.	Can identify some details from within and across several themes, societies, events and significant people covered in local, national and global history, e.g. using knowledge gained from their study of the Stone Age, identifying three of the main achievement of the people in the Neolithic period, and perhaps providing some reasons for their selection.	Can accurately sequence the key events, objects, themes, societies, periods and people within and across topics confidently using key dates and terms, e.g. they can accurately construct a timeline of Roman Britain and with some accurately link this with a timeline of the Bronze to Iron Age. Provide detailed valid reasons why they have sequenced the events/objects in this way.	appropriate dates, period labels and terms, e.g. place many of the important developments, people and events in the Anglo Saxon period on an annotated timeline. Will be able to make some links between this sequence to the events and people within other time periods studied.	Will sequence, with independence, many of the significant events, societies and people within and across the topics covered using appropriate dates, period labels and terms, e.g. select independently from a range of material, and sequence accurately using appropriate labels and dates. Can accurately identify links between this sequence and the events of other periods studied.

History Concepts: Change and Developments / Similarity and Difference

KS1: Identify similarities and difference between ways of life in different periods/times.

KS2: Address and devise historically valid questions about change, similarity and difference. Note connections, contrasts and trends over time.

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Can identify independently a range of similarities, differences and changes within a specific time period, e.g. between early and modern trains or aeroplanes.	Can describe independently, confidently and accurately similarities, differences and changes both within and across time periods and topics, e.g. between holidays at different times in the past and today. May begin to demonstrate an understanding of which are the most important differences and why.	Can sequence a number of the most significant events, objects, themes, societies, periods and people in topics studied including some dates, labels and period names and terms, e.g. grouping a range of images related to the Bronze to Iron Age into the correct time periods. Provide valid reasons why they have chosen this time period for most of the images.	Can accurately sequence the key events, objects, themes, societies, periods and people within and across topics confidently using key dates and terms, e.g. they can accurately construct a timeline of Roman Britain and with some accuracy link this with a timeline of the Bronze to Iron Age. Provide detailed valid reasons why they have sequenced the events/objects in this way.	Can independently and confidently provide a comprehensive list of the changes within the period studied. Can independently provide valid reasons why some changes and developments were of particular importance within the particular topic, e.g. decide why one or more changes in the Anglo-Saxon period is of particular importance. Will identify a range of links between the various changes. Can provide insightful ideas about whether some things do not change very much within a period and why this occurred.	Can compare similarities, differences and changes within and across topics, e.g. in terms of importance, progress or the type and nature of the change, e.g. provide some similarities and differences affecting differing locations within the world wars. Will confidently identify a range of links between the various changes, e.g. the change of women's roles during the war with changes in women's rights. Will begin to understand and explain how some of the changes were exceptional or commonplace, e.g. as part of the impact of the war on their locality.

History Concepts: Cause and Effect

KS1: Choose and use parts of stories and other sources to show that they know and understand key features of events related to their cause and effect. **KS2:** Address and devise historically valid questions about cause.

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Can identify at least one relevant cause for, and effect of, several events covered, e.g. of the development of flight or of the railways.	Can identify several causes and effects of events covered, e.g. the Great Fire of London and The Gunpowder Plot. Will begin to understand that some of the causes and / or effects are of particular importance.g. for the Great Fire of London taking place.	Can describe some relevant causes for, and effects of, some of the key events and developments covered, e.g. reasons why changes took place during the Neolithic period. Will demonstrate an understanding that some of the causes and / or effects are of particular importance, e.g. why the changes took place in the Neolithic period.	Can independently and confidently comment on the importance of causes and effects for some of the key events and developments within the topics studied, e.g. the reasons for the changes in prison reform. Can understand that the same event can result in both positive and negative effects, e.g. the actions of the suffragettes.	Can explain the role of different causes and effects of a range of events and developments, e.g. can list a range of valid reasons why the Vikings left Scandinavia and chose to settle in Britain. Can place the causes and / or effects in an order of significance and explain why they are arranged in this order, e.g. the reasons why the Vikings left Scandinavia and chose to settle in Britain. Can make a link between the causes or effects of events within one period with those of another, e.g. events in the Viking period with those of other periods studied, such as why the Romans or the Anglo-Saxons chose to settle in Britain.	Can independently provide a comprehensive list of valid detailed reasons why events took place and the effects of those events, e.g. how the World Wars had an impact on their locality. Will order these causes and / or effects into a hierarchy of significance and will comment insightfully on why they have selected this order. Will make a number of valid links between why certain events occurred in the period studied and events taking place in other periods or locations, or note how effects of events could be similar. May be able to identify some of the causes as long or short-term triggers and how some effects can be immediate and others long term.

History Concepts: Significance and Interpretations

KS1: Understand some of the ways in which they can find out about the past and identify different ways it is represented. **KS2:** Address and devise historically valid questions about significance. Understand how and why different interpretations of the past have been constructed.

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Demonstrate through examples and discussion an understanding of the term 'significance'. Can give some valid reasons why someone or something is significant, e.g. an explorer making an important discovery. Will begin to make connections between significant events or people, e.g. the	Can give a broad range of valid reasons why someone or something is significant. Demonstrate a secure understanding of the term significance. Can give some valid reasons why one aspect of a person's	Can select what is most significant in a historical account, related to a person's life, a key event or a theme, e.g. which buildings are of particular significance within their locality. Can give a valid reason why they have selected a particular aspect as being most significant in a historical account,	Can confidently select what is most significant in a historical account, related to a person's life, a key event or a theme, e.g. a development made by the Romans. Can give a number of valid reasons why they have selected a particular aspect as being most significant in a historical account,	Can confidently select what is most significant in a historical account, related to a person's life, a key event or a theme, e.g. the developments made by the Anglo-Saxons. Can give a range of valid reasons why they have selected a particular aspect as being most significant in a historical account, related to a person's	Can confidently explain the reasons why particular aspects of a historical event, development, society or person were of particular significance, e.g. they will describe and then critically evaluate the significance of various achievements made by the Ancient Greeks. Can introduce a hierarchy of

explorers studied.	<p>life or events is of particular importance in making them / it significant.</p> <p>Can make valid connections and judgements between significant events or people, e.g. why one of our local heroes is more worthy of study than another.</p>	<p>related to a person's life, a key event or a theme, e.g. the reasons why particular buildings are of significance within their locality.</p> <p>Can identify a number of ways in which two versions of the same account may differ. Can provide a reasons why the two accounts of the same event might differ. Can identify a number of ways in which the interpretations are the same and also different. Can provide a reason why the sources may differ, but this is undeveloped.</p>	<p>related to a person's life, a key event or a theme and why others are less important. Will begin to understand that some things will have long or short-term significance, e.g. the developments introduced by the Romans and their relevance today.</p> <p>Can identify a range of ways in which two or more accounts at the same event differ. Can comment on a range of possible reasons for the differences in a number of accounts, e.g. the pupil can identify a range of ways in which the accounts by Dio Cassius and Tacitus are the same and also different in their description of the battle and of Boudicca.</p>	<p>life, a key event or a theme and why others are less important. Will understand that some will have long-term significance and others only short-term significance, e.g. the spread of Christianity.</p> <p>Can confidently identify the ways in which interpretations of the same event or person can differ, e.g. can identify a number of differences in the interpretations presented about the Windrush journey. Can explain why there may be different interpretations and will make reference to the differing types of representation. Can also understand why there may be some similarities in the interpretations.</p>	<p>importance and explain while some aspects continue to be relevant, others may be dismissed as no longer being relevant and not having long term significance, e.g. within the achievements made by the Ancient Greeks the significant impact of establishing democracy and its importance in society today.</p> <p>Can confidently and independently identify the different interpretations in a range of topics, e.g. explain ways in which the different interpretations about Athenian society or about the Olympic Games differ. Can give a range of valid reasons for the different interpretations in a range of topics, e.g. explain why there could be different interpretations about Athenian society or about the Olympic Games. Will make reference to the differing types of representation</p>
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Historical Enquiry: Planning and Carrying out a Historical Enquiry

KS1: Ask and answer questions, choose and use parts of stories and other sources to show they know and understand key features of events, use a wide vocabulary of everyday historical terms.

KS2: Construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation. Develop appropriate use of historical terms.

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Can plan a small enquiry by asking relevant questions. Can find relevant information to answer questions using at least one story and another type of source, e.g. 'Which are the most significant explorers?'. Can use appropriate historical vocabulary.	Can pose a range of valid questions independently. Can find relevant information from more than one source to confidently answer these questions, e.g. to answer 'Why we should remember a local hero?'. Can use a range of appropriate vocabulary in both their questions and answers	Can independently devise a range of historically valid questions for a series of different types of enquiry. Will answer them with detailed structured responses making reference to specific sources of evidence related to 'Why should we preserve our locality?'. Will use a range of relevant historical terms.	Can independently devise significant historical enquiries based on a range of valid questions, e.g. related to 'What happened when the Romans came to Britain?'. Can answer the questions in some detail using a range of relevant and varied sources to support points made. Work will be clearly structured with contrasting viewpoints considered. Use a broad range of relevant historical terms. Will work independently and with confidence.	Can confidently and independently devise significant historical enquiries based on a broad range of valid questions, e.g. related to 'Was the Anglo Saxon period really a Dark Age?'. Can answer the questions in detail using a broad range of relevant and varied sources to support points made. Work is clearly structured with contrasting viewpoints considered. Will use the evidence to reach a valid and substantiated overall conclusion. Will use a broad range of relevant historical terms throughout. Will follow a clear structure appropriate for presenting an argument. Will work independently and with confidence. Will begin to critically evaluate their enquiry and consider possible ways in which it could be improved or developed.	Can independently plan and produce quality, detailed responses to a wide range of historical enquiries. Will make reference to appropriate evidence from a wide range of complex, varied sources studied within the sessions and also from their own research to produce a structured argument to answer the sub-question and build towards reaching an overall conclusion. Will reach a valid overall conclusion, e.g. 'Which of the world wars had the greater impact on their community?' with clear reference made to the preceding arguments and evidence. Will confidently use a broad range of challenging, relevant historical terms throughout. Will critically evaluate their enquiry and consider ways in which it could be improved or developed.

Historical Enquiry: Using Sources as Evidence

KS1: Understand some of the ways in which they find out about the past and identify different ways in which it is represented.

KS2: Understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources.

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Can extract some information from more than one type of source to find out about an aspect of the past, e.g. about their grandfather's childhood. These sources could include written, visual, oral sources and artefacts including the environment.	Can select key information independently from several different types of sources including written, visual, oral sources and artefacts, etc. to answer historical questions, e.g. about a local hero. Demonstrate an understanding that some sources are more useful than others in providing information to answer a historical question.	Can understand how sources can be used to answer a range of historical questions, e.g. 'Do you think the Bronze and Iron Ages were dangerous times to live?'. Is aware that some sources may be more useful than others in answering certain historical questions.	Can recognise possible uses of a range of sources for answering historical enquiries, e.g. the pupil can use a range of sources to compile a detailed description of what Dick Turpin was like. Can use the sources to compile a detailed description of what Dick Turpin was like. Demonstrate an understanding that some sources may be more useful than others by commenting on the importance of some of the sources.	From a range of sources provided, accept and reject sources based on valid criteria when carrying out particular enquiries, e.g. 'How useful is written evidence in finding out about the Anglo Saxons?'. Can explain why they have made that selection, possibly with some references to utility and reliability.	Can comment with confidence on the value of a range of different types of sources for enquiries, including extended enquiries, e.g. can select and reject appropriate sources to exemplify the impact of the wars from those studied within the unit. Will explain confidently why they have made that selection, referring to both utility and reliability and considering the purpose, audience, accuracy and how the source was compiled.